## OmniConverter

## OmniConverter ${ }^{\circledR}$ GPoE+/Sx

## Unmanaged 6 and 10 Port PoE/PoE+ Gigabit Ethernet Switch

The OmniConverter GPoE+/Sx is a compact unmanaged PoE and PoE+ Ethernet switch that feature copper or fiber uplink ports and four or eight 10/100/1000 RJ-45 copper Power Sourcing Power-over-Ethernet user ports.

The OmniConverter GPoE+/Sx is a standard Layer 2 Ethernet switch that forwards frames to any port based on their MAC address.

All models supports Directed Switch mode, which directs multicast traffic (such as video) only to the appropriate uplink port, preventing the multicast video traffic from flooding other network ports.

Models with two fiber or two copper uplink ports support daisy-chain configurations or redundant uplinks for critical applications that require protection and sub 50 ms restoration in the event of an uplink failure.

Models with two fiber or two copper uplink ports also support Dual Device mode that enables the switches to operate as two independent and isolated Ethernet switches.

The GPoE+/Sx modes of operation can be configured using easily accessible DIP-switches. Each DIP-switch function is labeled on the side of the OmniConverter for ease of identification and use.

The OmniConverter PoE switches are available with fixed fiber ST, SC, and LC connectors or Small Form Pluggable (SFP) transceiver receptacles. Fiber ports support multimode or single-mode and dual fiber or single-fiber with distances up to 140 km . SFP models support a variety of distances in standard, CWDM and DWDM wavelengths.

The GPoE+/Sx automatically negotiate and deliver the power level required by a Powered Device (PD) partner. The GPoE+/Sx can deliver up to 30 Watts of power per user port.
The switches features a remote PoE power reset function that can be configured with a DIP-switch. This feature allows all PDs to be power-cycled remotely saving time and expense by eliminating the need to dispatch manpower to remote network sites.

All models can be wall mounted, rack mounted or DIN-rail mounted using an optional mounting clip. They are available with an external 100 to 240 V AC power adapter or with a DC terminal connector.


SFPs not included

## KEY FEATURES

■ Unmanaged 6 and 10 port PoE/PoE+ Ethernet switch

- Two $10 / 100 / 1000$ copper or Gigabit fiber uplink ports
- Four or eight 10/100/1000 copper PoE+ user ports
- ST, SC and LC fixed fiber ports or standard, CWDM or DWDM Gigabit SFP transceivers
- Supports jumbo frames up to 10,240 bytes
- Configurable PoE Power Reset
- Uplink redundancy on models with two uplink ports
- Dual Device mode for operating as two separate switches
- Directed Switch mode AKA Camera mode to prevent port flooding
- AC to DC Power Adapter or DC terminal
- Wall, Rack and DIN-rail mountable
- Fan-less design for long life
- Commercial $\left(0^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, wide $\left(-40^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and extended $\left(-40^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ operating temperature ranges
- TAA,BAA and NDAA compliant, and Made in the USA
- Free 24/7/365 Technical Support


## APPLICATIONS

## Dual Device Mode Application

This Dual Device feature is extremely useful when two isolated networks domains share a single network distribution location.

The example below depicts a scenario where a surveillance security (green) network and a Wi-Fi (purple) network are sharing a single hub distribution location. Using the two uplinks and the Dual Switch mode facilitates using a single PoE switch driving both the Cameras and the Wi-Fi Access Points while maintaining isolation between the networks.

## Daisy Chain Application

This example demonstrates the daisy chain capabilities of the OmniConverter PoE switches. In this application each OmniConverter switch connects to its neighboring switch via its uplink ports. The daisy chain can continue to additional switches using this method of connectivity.
Each OmniConverter switch provides connectivity to the fiber links, and power to IP cameras and Wi-Fi access points at each location along the daisy chain.


Power / Voltage Requirements and Specifications per IEEE

| Description | IEEE 802.3 af PoE | IEEE 802.3at PoE+ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Power Supply Voltage Range | 46.0 to 57.0 VDC | 51.0 to 57.0 VDC |
| Voltage Range at PSE port Output | 44.0 to 56.0 VDC | 50.0 to 56.0 VDC |
| Maximum Power from PoE/PSE port | 15.4 watts | 30 watts |
| Minimum Voltage at PoE/PD port input* | 37.0 VDC | 42.5 VDC |
| Minimum Power at PoE/PD port* | 12.95 watts | 25.5 watts |
| * at 100 meters using Cat5 |  |  |



| Accessories |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Model Number | Description | Model Number | Description |
| $8251-0$ | DIN-Rail Mounting Clip | $8260-0$ | 19" rack mount shelf (up to 2 modules) |

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Step 1: Choose the Base Part Number ( $x_{x x x-x-x y-p t) ~}^{\text {( }}$

| Fiber Type | Distance | Connector Type |  |  |  |  | Tx/Rx Lambda ( nm ) | Min. Tx Power (dBm) | Max. Tx Power (dBm) | Min. Rx Power (dBm) | Max. Rx Power (dBm) | Min Atten (dB) | Link Budget <br> (dB) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ST | SC | LC | SFP | RJ-45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MM/DF | 220/550m ${ }^{1}$ | 9440-0-1y-pt | 9442-0-1y-pt | 9446-0-1y-pt | - | - | 850/850 | -10 | -4 | -17 | -3 | - | 7 |
| MM/DF (x2) | 220/550m ${ }^{1}$ | - | - | 9446-0-2y-pt | - | - | 850/850 | -10 | -4 | -17 | -3 | - | 7 |
| MM/DF | 2 km | - | 9442-6-1y-pt | - | - | - | 1310/1310 | -9.5 | -3 | -19.5 | -3 | - | 10 |
| SM/DF | 12 km | 9441-1-1y-pt | 9443-1-1y-pt | 9447-1-1y-pt | - | - | 1310/1310 | -9.5 | -3 | -19.5 | -3 | - | 10 |
| SM/DF (x2) | 12 km | - | - | 9447-1-2y-pt | - | - | 1310/1310 | -9.5 | -3 | -19.5 | -3 | - | 10 |
| SM/DF | 34 km | - | 9443-2-1y-pt | - | - | - | 1310/1310 | -5 | 0 | -23 | -3 | 3 | 18 |
| SM/DF | 80km | - | 9443-3-1y-pt | - | - | - | 1550/1550 | -5 | 0 | -23 | -3 | 3 | 18 |
| SM/DF | 110km | - | 9443-4-1y-pt | - | - | - | 1550/1550 | 0 | 5 | -24 | -3 | 8 | 24 |
| SM/DF | 140km | - | 9443-5-1y-pt | - | - | - | 1550/1550 | 2 | 5 | -28 | -8 | 13 | 30 |
| MM/SF ${ }^{2}$ | 220/550m ${ }^{1}$ | - | 9450-0-1y-pt | - | - | - | 1310/1550 | -9 | -3 | -18 | -3 | - | 9 |
| MM/SF ${ }^{2}$ | 220/550m ${ }^{1}$ | - | 9451-0-1y-pt | - | - | - | 1550/1310 | -9 | -3 | -18 | -3 | - | 9 |
| SM/SF ${ }^{2}$ | 20 km | - | 9450-1-1y-pt | - | - | - | 1310/1550 | -9.5 | -3 | -20 | -3 | - | 10.5 |
| SM/SF ${ }^{2}$ | 20km | - | 9451-1-1y-pt | - | - | - | 1550/1310 | -9.5 | -3 | -20 | -3 | - | 10.5 |
| $\mathrm{SM} / \mathrm{SF}^{2}$ | 40km | - | $9450-2-1 y$-pt | - | - | - | 1310/1550 | -3 | 0 | -20 | -3 | 3 | 17 |
| SM/SF ${ }^{2}$ | 40km | - | 9451-2-1y-pt | - | - | - | 1550/1310 | -3 | 0 | -20 | -3 | 3 | 17 |
| SFP (x1) | - | - | - | - | 9459-0-1y-pt | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SFP (x2) | - | - | - | - | 9459-0-2y-pt | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| RJ-45 (x2) | 100m | - | - | - | - | 9459-1-2y-pt | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

${ }^{1} 62.5 / 125 \mu \mathrm{~m}, 100 / 140 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ multimode fiber up to 220 m . $50 / 125 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ multimode fiber up to 550 m .
${ }^{2}$ When using single-fiber (SF) models, the Tx wavelength on one end has to match the Rx wavelength on the other.
MM = Multimode, SM = Single-mode, DF = Dual Fiber, SF = Single-fiber
Contact Omnitron for other fiber options. Order the appropriate SFPs separately. Visit the Omnitron Optical Transceivers web page.

## Step 2: Choose the number of RJ-45 Ports (xxxx-x-xy-pt)

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4 = Four RJ-45 Ports
8 = Eight RJ-45 Ports
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## Step 3: Choose the Power Option (xxxx-x-xy-pt)

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## Step 4: Choose the Operating Temperature Range Option (xxxx-x-xy-pt)

| <leave blank> = Commercial temperature $\left(0\right.$ to $\left.50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| :--- |
| $\mathbf{W}=$ Wide temperature $\left(-40\right.$ to $\left.60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| $\mathbf{Z}=$ Extended temperature $\left(-40\right.$ to $\left.75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ - not available for models with AC/DC Power Adapters |

AC/DC Adapter Temperature Derating - Total Available Wattage to RJ-45 Ports

| Model | RJ-45 Ports | Watts Required | Watts Available @ $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Watts Available @ $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Watts Available @ $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GPoE+/Sx | 4 | 120 watts | Full Power | Full Power | 115 watts |
|  | 8 | 240 watts | Full Power | 175 watts | 115 watts |

The AC/DC Adapter Temperature derating table is not applicable to models with DC Terminal (see Ordering table for Direct DC power option 9). The DC Terminal models will provide full PoE power over the operating temperature range of the module as long as the DC input voltage meets the requirements stated in the specification table on page 3 .
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[^0]:    1 = External AC/DC Adapter, 100-240 VAC included, with US Power Cord
    2 = External AC/DC Adapter, 100-240 VAC included, No Power Cord
    8 = External AC/DC Adapter, 100-240 VAC included, PS JET/PSE Certified, with Japanese Power Cord
    9 = Direct DC 2 pin terminal connector, no AC/DC power adapter

